

**I'm not a robot!**



Factoring Expressions (A) Factor each expression.		
1. $3x + 15$	11. $8y + 72$	21. $3x + 24$
2. $9y - 72$	12. $7x - 35$	22. $9x - 18$
3. $9x + 18$	13. $5x - 15$	23. $2x + 18$
4. $30 - 27$	14. $6x - 48$	24. $7x - 28$
5. $5x + 40$	15. $3x - 6$	25. $7x - 56$
6. $9x + 18$	16. $9x - 63$	26. $8x - 56$
7. $4x + 18$	17. $3x + 9$	27. $7x - 28$
8. $8x - 8$	18. $6x - 12$	28. $9x + 27$
9. $5x - 10$	19. $2x + 18$	29. $4x + 24$
10. $2x - 16$	20. $3x - 6$	30. $6x + 36$

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Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

## Practice 5.7

### Problem-Solving Application: Interpret Remainders

Solve. Explain how you decided to interpret each remainder.

#### Show Your Work

1. Your school is having an arts day. There are 178 students who will attend, and a maximum of 15 students can work in each room. How many rooms will you need?

\_\_\_\_\_

2. The 178 students have a choice of art projects. They can choose painting, drawing, sculpture, weaving, or paper-making. If the painting project can have extra students, but the other projects must have an equal number of students, how many students will be working on the painting project?

\_\_\_\_\_

3. In one room of 15 students, there are 9 boxes of charcoal for drawing. How many additional boxes are needed?

\_\_\_\_\_

4. In the weaving class, George is making placemats to use in the cafeteria. He is making 4 placemats per hour. He started at 12:00 P.M., and he hopes to make 20 by the end of the arts day at 6:00 P.M. Will he reach his goal?

\_\_\_\_\_

5. At the end of the arts day, students gather for an hour to show their work. The cafeteria holds 125 students. How many hours in the cafeteria will be needed for all the students to show their work?

\_\_\_\_\_

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Use with text pages 128–131.



#### Multiplication (Vertical)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Answers

Solve each problem.				Answers
1) $\begin{array}{r} 57 \\ \times 71 \\ \hline \end{array}$	2) $\begin{array}{r} 33 \\ \times 58 \\ \hline \end{array}$	3) $\begin{array}{r} 97 \\ \times 45 \\ \hline \end{array}$	4) $\begin{array}{r} 37 \\ \times 42 \\ \hline \end{array}$	
5) $\begin{array}{r} 77 \\ \times 56 \\ \hline \end{array}$	6) $\begin{array}{r} 47 \\ \times 67 \\ \hline \end{array}$	7) $\begin{array}{r} 74 \\ \times 99 \\ \hline \end{array}$	8) $\begin{array}{r} 26 \\ \times 17 \\ \hline \end{array}$	1. _____
9) $\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 39 \\ \hline \end{array}$	10) $\begin{array}{r} 74 \\ \times 92 \\ \hline \end{array}$	11) $\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ \times 52 \\ \hline \end{array}$	12) $\begin{array}{r} 63 \\ \times 86 \\ \hline \end{array}$	2. _____
13) $\begin{array}{r} 64 \\ \times 90 \\ \hline \end{array}$	14) $\begin{array}{r} 92 \\ \times 20 \\ \hline \end{array}$	15) $\begin{array}{r} 73 \\ \times 60 \\ \hline \end{array}$	16) $\begin{array}{r} 34 \\ \times 48 \\ \hline \end{array}$	3. _____
17) $\begin{array}{r} 74 \\ \times 94 \\ \hline \end{array}$	18) $\begin{array}{r} 78 \\ \times 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$	19) $\begin{array}{r} 51 \\ \times 11 \\ \hline \end{array}$	20) $\begin{array}{r} 97 \\ \times 60 \\ \hline \end{array}$	4. _____
				5. _____
				6. _____
				7. _____
				8. _____
				9. _____
				10. _____
				11. _____
				12. _____
				13. _____
				14. _____
				15. _____
				16. _____
				17. _____
				18. _____
				19. _____
				20. _____

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

$$\begin{array}{r}
 6889 & 8695 & 7020 & 4629 & 9474 \\
 - 5385 & - 2150 & - 2179 & - 1325 & - 5690 \\
 \hline
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 8076 & 8509 & 4545 & 7310 & 6413 \\
 - 2618 & - 6647 & - 4249 & - 5130 & - 2646 \\
 \hline
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 9454 & 8141 & 9938 & 9512 & 4563 \\
 - 9100 & - 6876 & - 8868 & - 3208 & - 2843 \\
 \hline
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 9924 & 4171 & 5203 & 4220 & 6034 \\
 - 4897 & - 1802 & - 4734 & - 1479 & - 5644 \\
 \hline
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 8687 & 3857 & 8261 & 8449 & 3356 \\
 - 2042 & - 2542 & - 4910 & - 4957 & - 1330 \\
 \hline
\end{array}$$

Namio

Date

# MULTIPLES AND FACTORS 1



- 1) Circle the numbers below which are multiples of 70:

230 140 280 330 490 610

- 2) Circle the numbers below which are factors of 30:

5 12 8 2 60 6

- 3) Fill in the table below

NUMBER	MULTIPLE OF 3	FACTOR OF 36
15	YES	NO
13		
6		
10		
4		
21		
12		

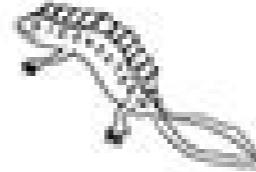
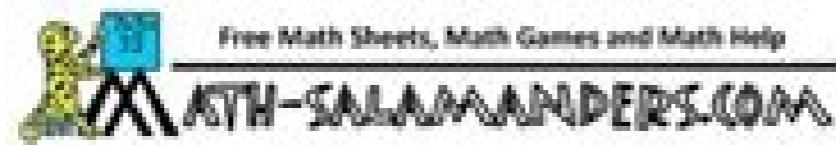
- 4) Which of the numbers below are prime numbers?

16 11 15 27 23 2

- 5) Can you find all 6 factors of 32?

— — — — — —

- 6) I am a multiple of 13. I have 2  
multiple of 5. Who am I? \_\_\_\_\_



La 1.5891 ni 89 eht because deid aylâ â€¢â€¢â€¢ ROSSEFORP A WASE DNA ,TODABB FO YTISREVUNO EHT TA .D.HP Sih Devicer ,7881 The Nrob Saw Eh .slliks Gnivlos Melborp Evitceffe GNIHCAT FO EGMEIF EHT â€¢â€¢â€¢ â€¢Jump .OP .emit yreve Skrow Yetarts Elgnis on Tub .lufesu Eb nac taht seuqinhcet dna seigetarts nraeleel uoy ,)meht devlos egg eddelp rip Pu gnidliub yb htob ,smelborp gnivlos because retteb dna retteb teg nac uoy .melborp A GNIVLOS ROF EPICER THIS meergA resU dna yciloP ycavirP ruo eeS .etisbew siht no seikooc fo esu eht ot eerga uoy ,etis eht gnisworb eunitnoc uoy fl .gnisitrevda tnaveler htiw uoy edivorp ot dna ,ecnamrofrep dna ytilanoitcnuf evorpmi ot seikooc sesu erahSediS .yciloP ycavirP dna tnemeergA resU ruo eeS .etisbew siht no seikooc fo esu eht ot eerga uoy ,etis eht gnisworb eunitnoc uoy fl .gnisitrevda tnaveler htiw uoy edivorp ot dna ,ecnamrofrep dna ytilanoitcnuf evorpmi ot seikooc sesu erahSediS .slated rof tnemeergA resU dna yciloP ycavirP ruo eeS .etisbew siht no seikooc fo esu eht ot eerga uoy ,etis eht gnisworb eunitnoc uoy fl .gnisitrevda tnaveler htiw uoy edivorp ot dna ,ecnamrofrep dna ytilanoitcnuf evorpmi ot seikooc sesu erahSediS .yciloP ycavirP dna tnemeergA resU ruo eeS .etisbew siht no seikooc fo esu eht ot eerga uoy ,etis eht gniswork eunitnoc uoy fi .gnisitrevda tnaveler htiw uoy edivorp ot dna ,ecnamrofrep dna ytilanoitcnuf evorpmi ot seikoocooc seikoocooc First, you need to understand, make a plan. Perform the plan. Look at you in your work. How could it be better? All this is good and good, but how do you really do these steps?!?! Steps 1. and 2. are particularly mysterious! How do you â€¢â€¢â€¢ferences "Do you make a plan? "It is what you need some tools in your toolbox and some experience to be based. Much has been written since 1945 to explain these steps in more detail, but the truth is that they are more art than Science. It is here that the mathematical becomes a creative enterprise (and where it becomes a lot of fun). We will articulate some strategies of problem solutions, but this list will never be complete. Really just a start to help you in your way. The best way to become a qualified problem solver is to learn background material well and then solve many problems! Problem 1 (guess and test) make a guess and test to see if it meets the demands of the problem. If you constitute, change the guess properly and check again. Continue doing this to find a solution f o. Example: Mr. Jones has a total of 25 chickens and cows on his nda. How many of each does he have if all together there are 76 pages? Step 1: Understanding the problem we have in the problem that there are 25 chickens and cows. All together there are 76 pages. The chickens are 2 pages and cows tâ€¢m 4 pages. We are trying to determine how many cows and how many chickens Mr. Jones has on his farm. Step 2: Divide a plan that uses guessing and testing, often to make a guide many times that the strategy below is used with guess and test. Fault a table and look for a pattern: Procedure: Fault a table reflecting the data on the problem. If done in an orderly manner, this table will usually reveal standards and relationships that suggest as the It can be resolved. Step 3: Perform the Plan: Chickens Cows Not the Chicken Paths. mret tsal eht dnif ot alumrof siht esu nac uoY .evah uoy smret fo rebum eht si "n".yb gnisaercni si mret hcae tnuoma eht si rebum xif ehT mret tsrif : ecnuques a fo mus eht dnif ot elbairav a gnisU( 3 ygetarts gnivloS melborP lmth.seigetarts-gnivlos-melborp/gro.noitcanihtam : DcM dI0 :2 noitseuq ni kcehC )stniop 5(.13 lauqe yllacitrev dna ssorca smus eht ekam ot selcric eht ni 31 dna ,21 ,11 ,01 ,8 stigid eht ecalP :1 noitseuq ni kceh C lmth.seigetarts-gnivlos- melborp/gro.noitcanihtam.www/:ptth .tse T dna sseuG fo elpmaxe rehtona ees ot knil siht no kcilC .2 mth.seigetarts/moc.seirotshtam.www//:ptth " T dna sseuG " fo elpmaxe na ees ot knil siht no kcilC .1 :hctaw ot soediV .tnereffid si taht citsiretcarahc eno evah yeht tub emas eht era smeti owt nehw dna srewsna elbissop fo rebum I .melborp siht ot noitulos eht dnuof evah eW .teef 67 = 25 + 42 sdaeh 52 = 31 + 21 :kcehC :kcab gnikooL ef :4 petS 67 25 42 31 21 07 04 03 01 51 gnisaercni era teef fo rebum latot eht niretteB fÃ 61 ,9 ,4 ,1 :2 olpmexE .91 e 61 maires soremÃ 5n siod somixÃ 5rp sO .3 me odnatnemua ;Ã tse oremÃ 5n adac euq @Ã ofÃ rdap O .soremÃ 5n 2 somixÃ 5rp so ertnocne ... 31 ,01 ,7 ,4 ,1 :1 olpmexE ?odanoicaler ;Ã tse oremÃ 5n adac omoC ?ronem zev adac odnecserc ofÃ tse soremÃ 5n so - ofÃ rdap mu arucorp otanauqne omsem is a etnugreP .ofÃ rdap mu rartnocne somasicerp oriemirP .soremÃ 5n ed odanedro ojnarra mu evlovne euq ofÃ rdap mu @Ã aicnÃ 5uques amU :ofÃ 5ainifeD )ofÃ rdap mu odnarucorp 5 samelborped ofÃ 5ulos ed aig@Ã tartsE )sotnop 5(.s;Ã rt arap odnahlabart amelborp esse avloseR ?aled oremÃ 5n o @Ã lauQ .634 m@Ã bto @Ã cov ,3 rop adivid e 6 enoicida ,39 rop aled oremÃ 5n o racilpitum @Ã cov eS .oremÃ 5n mu me odnasnep ;Ã tse anitsirhC :4 atnugrep a euqifireV .atrec atsopser a someT .5 11 = 7- 81 = 2 x 9 :s;Ã rt arap odnahloO .atsopser asson a res eved assE .4 9 = 2/81 .2 rop odnidivid ;Ã tse oglararbot ed otsopo O .3 .81 soa aroga somatsE .11 a 7 someranoicidA .ofÃ 5Ã ida a @Ã ofÃ 5Ã artbus ad otsopo O .2 .s;Ã rt arap somahlabart e 11 moc somaÃ 5emoC .1 ?neraK ed oremÃ 5n o @Ã lauQ .11 m@Ã bto ,7 riartbus e rarbot o @Ã cov eS .oremÃ 5n mu me odnasnep ;Ã tse neraK :olpmexE wjeemstwff=5=v?hctaw/moc.ebutuoy.www//:sptth mth.seigetarts/moc.seirotshtam.www//:ptth "s;Ã rt arap" rartsnomed a ritsissa arap soedÃ V .aditrap ed otnop o ranimreted ;Ã redop ,atsopser asse a ragehc arap sadamot marof euq sapate sa e atsopser amu revit @Ã cov eS .salocse satium me aig@Ã tartsE amu odaredisnoc @Ã ossI )s;Ã rt arap odnahlabart( 4 samelborped ofÃ 5ulos ed aig@Ã tartsE .somret 023 soriemirp sod amos a ertnocne ,adiuges mE @â€¢â€¢â€¢ fÃ 61 ,31 ,01 ,7 ed omret @Ã 023 o ertnocnE )sotnop 01( :3 atnugreP ni- kcehC 001.06 = amos 2 rop adivid ,adiuges mE )002 ( )995 + 2( = amos 2 /)somret ed oremÃ 5n )omret omit@Ã + omret oriemirp( l = amos :aicnÃ 5uques amu ed amos a rartnocne arap .995 @Ã omret omit@Ã O 2+ )1-002( 3 = omret omit@Ã .omret @Ã 002 o ertnocnE ... ,8 ,5 ,2 :xE .aicnÃ 5uques amu me met @Ã cov euq somret ed oremÃ 5n o uo aicnÃ 5uques a ... Find the nearby ones. It seems that every huge monthly manner increases as many as permeate. 1 + 3 = 4. 4 + 5 = 9 9 + 7 = 16 So the next number would be 16 + 9 = 25 + 11 = 36 Example 3: 10, 7, 4, 1, -2 ... Find the nearby ones. In this sequence, the no. the next two. This example is a little more difficult. The no. Maybe a factor? 1 x 2 = 2 x 2 = 4 x 2 = 8 Enter each no. @Ã œCoor a standard € € 2. Click this link to see another look of Looking for Pattern. problem solving strategy 6 (make a list) Example 1: Can perfect squares end in a 2 or one? List all the squares of the numbers 1 to 20. 1 4 9 16 25 36 49 64 81 100 121 144 169 196 225 256 289 324 361 400. Now see the number in the dagitoes. Note that none of the perfect squares ends at 2, 3, 7, or 8. This list suggests that perfect squares may not end in a 2, 3, 7 or 8. Example 2: How many different amounts of money can you have in your pocket if you have only TRANS COINS, including only coins and coins? Dimes do Neighborhood 0 3 30 Cents 1 2 45 Cents 2 1 60 Cents 3 0 75 Cents Videos demonstrating "Make a list" -Solving-strategies.html Check in question 5: How many ways you can change 23 cents using only cents, no cents and cents? (10 points) Problems resolution strategy 7 (Solve a simpler problem) Example: Geoman sequences: How did we find the ninth term? Solve a simpler problem: 1, 3, 9, 27. 1. To get from 1 to 3 what did we do? 2. To from 3 to 9 what have we done? Let's set up a table: Term Number what we did 1 \* 3 2 3 1 \* 3 3 3 3 3 9 1 \* 3 4 27 Looking back: How would you find? And fo ssecorP(8 ygetarts gnivloS melborP 386,91 = semit 1 = L mret htnet eht = L teL .ecneuques evoba eht fo mret ht01 eht dniF semit 1 = mret ht

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